

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		G DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/639,077	08/1	1/2003	Joseph Hillman	SSI-08100	6943		
28960	7590	10/19/2005		EXAMINER			
	OCK & OW		KACKAR, RAM N				
	I WOLFE RO LE, CA 940			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
•				1763	1763		
				DATE MAN ED. 10/10/2004	DATE MAILED: 10/10/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/639,077		HILLMAN, JOSEPH				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Ram N. Kad		1763				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on the c	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addres	S			
WHI( - Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MINIOR OF THE MINIOR OF THE MINIOR OF THE MONTHS FROM THE MINIOR OF THE MONTHS FROM THE MAXIMUM SERVICE OF THE MONTHS FROM THE MONTHS FROM THE MONTHS AND THE MO	AILING DATE OF THIS of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no even nunication. atutory period will apply and will will, by statute, cause the applic	S COMMUNICATION  i, however, may a reply be time  expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ation to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this commun D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·			
Status	, , ,							
1)[🖂	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 11 August 2003						
· -		2b)⊠ This action is no	n-final.					
3)□		•—		secution as to the mer	its is			
, <u> </u>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims	•	,					
· · · <u> </u>	Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the a	application						
7)63	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>13-32</u> is/ar	• •	ideration					
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	e withurawn from cons	ideration.					
·	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or election rec	wiromont					
ات (۵	are subject to restric	don and/or election rec	juliement.	•				
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) accepted or b)	objected to by the E	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any object	ction to the drawing(s) be	held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction is required	if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	l21(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. Note	the attached Office	Action or form PTO-15	52.			
Priority (	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim t	for foreign priority unde	r 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:			. ,	•			
	1. Certified copies of the priority	documents have been	received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority	documents have been	received in Application	on No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of				е			
	application from the Internation			-3				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action			d.				
A44	v-1							
Attachment	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)							
2) Notic	e of References Cited (P10-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P1	4 ГО-948)	)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	(PTO-413) te				
3) 🛛 Inforr	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or F	PTO/SB/08) 5	) D Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)				
Pape S. Patent and Tr	No(s)/Mail Date <u>several</u> .	6	)					
7.3. Palent and 17 PTOL-326 (R		Office Action Summary		Part of Paper No./Mail Dat	e 1005			

Art Unit: 1763

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of claims 1-12 in the reply filed on 8/12/2005 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Miyagi et al (US 5433784).

Miyagi et al disclose a process chamber and disclose an apparatus to close the chamber comprising first chamber housing with a cavity (Fig 1-1) sized to contain semiconductor wafers, a second chamber housing (18), means to bring it into and out of contact with the first chamber housing (13) with a rotary action (motor) and deforming means (17 and 18) mounted on the second chamber housing between the surface of the housing and the moveable member (13).

Regarding second chamber housing defining a second cavity as in claim 4 is a matter of shape since either housing could define a cavity to hold work pieces.

Art Unit: 1763

Regarding change in shape: It was held in re Dailey, 357 F.2d 669, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1966) that the shape was a matter of choice which a person of ordinary skill in the art would have found obvious absent persuasive evidence that the particular shape was significant. (Also see MPEP 2144.04(d)).

Page 3

4. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by LeBlanc III et al (US 5709785).

LeBlanc III et al disclose process chambers and disclose an apparatus to close the chambers comprising first chamber housing with a cavity (Fig 1-16) sized to contain substrates, second chamber housing (Fig 2A-2), means to bring it into and out of contact with the first chamber housing (22) with a rotary action (motor) (Fig 1-24) and deforming means (38a, 38b and 37c) mounted on the second chamber housing in grooves (37a, 37b and 37c) between the surface of the housing and the moveable member (22). LeBlanc III et al teach that these enable the collar 33 to move on its axis slightly (Col 4 line 60- Col 5 line 30).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 1763

6. Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyagi et al (US 5433784) in view of Masayasu Suzuki (JP 04103768) and Tanabe et al (US 5304422).

Miyagi et al disclose a process chamber and disclose an apparatus to close the chamber comprising first chamber housing with a cavity (Fig 1-1) sized to contain semiconductor wafers and a second chamber housing (18), means to bring it into and out of contact with the first chamber housing (13) with a rotary action (motor) and deforming means (17 and 18) mounted on the second chamber housing between the surface of the housing and the moveable member (13).

Miyagi et al fails to disclose that the deforming material could be a polymer.

Masayasu Suzuki teaches that a polymer like polyimide resin is an elastic material (Abstract). Masayasu Suzuki uses this as a heat resistant elastic (deforming) member to hold substrates. Further Tanabe et al teach that polyimide resin has excellent mechanical and physical properties like low frictional force and low abrasion.

Therefore it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use polyimide resin material in place of springs for their excellent heat resistance and physical and mechanical properties.

7. Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over LeBlanc III et al (US 5709785) in view of Masayasu Suzuki (JP 04103768) and Tanabe et al (US 5304422).

LeBlanc III et al disclose process chambers and disclose an apparatus to close the chambers comprising first chamber housing with a cavity (Fig 1-16) sized to contain substrates,

Art Unit: 1763

second chamber housing (Fig 2A-2), means to bring it into and out of contact with the first chamber housing (22) with a rotary action (motor) (Fig 1-24) and deforming means (38a, 38b and 37c) mounted on the second chamber housing in grooves (37a, 37b and 37c) between the surface of the housing and the moveable member (22). LeBlanc III et al teach that these enable the collar 33 to move on its axis slightly (Col 4 line 60- Col 5 line 30).

LeBlanc III et al fails to disclose that the deforming material could be a polymer.

Masayasu Suzuki teaches that a polymer like polyimide resin is an elastic material (Abstract). Masayasu Suzuki uses this as a heat resistant elastic (deforming) member to hold substrates. Further Tanabe et al teach that polyimide resin has excellent mechanical and physical properties like low frictional force and low abrasion.

Therefore it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use polyimide resin material as the deforming material of LeBlanc III et al for their excellent heat resistance and physical and mechanical properties.

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ram N. Kackar whose telephone number is 571 272 1436. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00 A.M to 5:P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Parviz Hassanzadeh can be reached on 571 272 1435. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1763

Page 6

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ram Kackar

Examiner AU 1763